

Sample Questions from Our Study Kit

The questions below replicate real government multiple-choice questions. We know this from taking the test every year, and from our unparalleled experience over the years with competitions exclusive to the federal public service.

Please be aware that:

- Practice questions the government makes available are few and misleadingly easy.
- Questions found on the internet that may seem similar are often foreign and not directly applicable to specialized Canadian government tests.
- Sample questions in other Canadian guidebooks and online services are generic, improperly structured, and counterproductive to preparing effectively for actual government tests.

In short, free questions and numerous low cost samples of the wrong type—no matter how many exercises are included—simply won't help you.

Our following samples show what you will really face on test-day. The questions, instructions, time-saving tips and answers in our Study Kit will teach you how to excel in your competition.

To order what you need, go to our [Study Kits webpage \[click here\]](#) or [Place Order/Remit Payment link \[click here\]](#).

GRT Sample Questions: Similarities

Instructions: In each question, 5 pairs of words are given. Select from among them the pair that refers most directly to a single general concept.

1. 1) SPEED – LENGTH
2) SPEED – RACE
3) LENGTH – WIDTH
4) WIDTH – STRENGTH
5) STRENGTH – TEST

2. 1) NIGHTMARE – GHOST
2) SOMNAMBULISM – NIGHTMARE
3) PRESENTIMENT – SOMNAMBULISM
4) NIGHTMARE – TRIP
5) DREAM – GHOST

GRT Sample Questions: Number Series

Instructions: Each number series question presents a series of numbers that must be completed by adding a new number. Find the rule which has been used to make up the series and apply this rule to complete the series correctly.

1. 16, 11, 13, 8, 10, 5
(1) 10 (2) 7 (3) 0 (4) 13 (5) 5

2. 0, 1, 3, 7, 15, 31
(1) 65 (2) 39 (3) 45 (4) 63 (5) 61

GRT Sample Questions: Arithmetic

Instructions: Determine the formula for solving a problem and then to choose the correct formula among the five proposed.

1. A car gets 60 km for each litre of fuel when its tank is more than $\frac{1}{4}$ full. However when the gas gauge drops below $\frac{1}{4}$ the car only gets 80% of its full tank mileage. If the tank holds 80 litres of fuel which formula indicates how far the car can drive on one tank of fuel?

- (1) $[(60 \times \frac{3}{4}) + (60 \times 0.8 \times \frac{1}{4})] \times 80$
 (2) $[80 \times 60 \times \frac{3}{4} + 60 \times 0.8 \times \frac{1}{4}]$
 (3) $[80 \times 60 \times \frac{3}{4} + 60 \times 0.8 \times \frac{1}{4}] \times 80$
 (4) $[(60 \times \frac{1}{4}) + (60 \times 0.8 \times \frac{3}{4})] \times 80$
 (5) $[\frac{3}{4} \times 0.8 + \frac{1}{4}] \times 80 \times 60$

2. A pickup truck transporting table and chair sets consisting of 4 chairs and a table has 35 m² of cargo space. If a chair takes up 0.5 m² and a table takes up 1.5 m² of cargo space, which formula will compute the maximum number of complete sets that can be transported at one time?

- (1) $35 \times (1.5 + 4)$
 (2) $(1.5 + 4) \times 100 / 35$
 (3) $35 / (1.5 + 4 \times 0.5)$
 (4) $35 / (1.5 + 4)$
 (5) $35 \times (1.5 + 4 \times 0.5) / 100$

GRT Sample Questions: Figure Analogy

Instructions: Each figure analogy question consists of eight figures: figures X, Y and Z on the left -hand side of the page, and figures (1) to (5) on the right-hand side of the page.

Figure X has been changed in some way to make figure Y. Figure Z is changed in exactly the same way to make one of the five numbered figures on the right.

1. X is to Y as Z is to (1) (2) (3) (4) (5)



2. X is to Y as Z is to (1) (2) (3) (4) (5)

